## 111TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# S. 1485

To improve hurricane preparedness by establishing the National Hurricane Research Initiative, and for other purposes.

# IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

July 21, 2009

Mr. Martinez (for himself and Mr. Nelson of Florida) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

# A BILL

- To improve hurricane preparedness by establishing the National Hurricane Research Initiative, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
  - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
  - 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
  - 5 "National Hurricane Research Initiative Act of 2009".
  - 6 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
  - 7 this Act is as follows:
    - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
    - Sec. 2. Findings.
    - Sec. 3. Sense of Congress.
    - Sec. 4. Definitions.

- Sec. 5. National Hurricane Research Initiative.
- Sec. 6. National Hurricane Research Task Force.
- Sec. 7. National Hurricane Research.
- Sec. 8. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 9. Independent review.

#### 1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

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- 2 Congress makes the following findings:
- 3 (1) Hurricanes and other tropical cyclones have 4 directly caused more than 2,000 deaths in the 5 United States since 2003 and account for approxi-6 mately 66 percent of insured losses due to natural 7 hazards.
  - (2) While the ability to understand and predict hurricanes and other tropical cyclones has improved since 1999, particularly with respect to storm tracking, much remains unknown concerning—
- 12 (A) storm dynamics, rapid intensity 13 change, and impact on extratropical cyclones;
- 14 (B) the interactions of storms with natural 15 and built environments; and
- 16 (C) the impacts to and response of society 17 to destructive storms.
- 18 (3) Several expert assessments of the state of 19 hurricane science and research needs have been pub-20 lished, including—
- 21 (A) the January 2007 report by the Na-22 tional Science Board titled, "Hurricane Warn-

- ing: The Critical Need for a National Hurricane Initiative";
  - (B) the February 2007 report by the Office of the Federal Coordinator for Meteorological Services and Supporting Research entitled, "Interagency Strategic Research Plan for Tropical Cyclones: The Way Ahead"; and
    - (C) reports from the Hurricane Intensity Working Group of the National Science Advisory Board of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.
  - (4) In the June 2005 publication, "Grand Challenges for Disaster Reduction", and in related 2008 implementation plans for hurricane and coastal inundation hazards the Subcommittee on Disaster Reduction of the Committee on Environment and Natural Resources of the National Science and Technology Council prioritized Federal science and technology investments needed to reduce future loss of life and property caused, both directly and indirectly, by hurricanes and other coastal storms.
  - (5) A National Hurricane Research Initiative complements the objectives of the National Windstorm Impact Reduction Program.

## 1 SEC. 3. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

- 2 It is the sense of Congress that, consistent with the
- 3 findings of the expert assessments and strategies de-
- 4 scribed in paragraphs (3) and (4) of section 2, a National
- 5 Hurricane Research Initiative should be established to ad-
- 6 dress the urgent and compelling need to undertake long-
- 7 term, coordinated, multi-entity hurricane research focused
- 8 on—
- 9 (1) conducting high priority scientific, engineer-
- ing, and related social and behavioral studies; and
- 11 (2) effectively applying the research results of
- such studies to mitigate the impacts of hurricanes
- on society.
- 14 SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.
- 15 In this Act:
- 16 (1) Task force.—The term "Task Force"
- means the National Hurricane Research Task Force
- established under section 6(a).
- 19 (2) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—The term "eligible
- entities" means State, regional, and local govern-
- 21 ment agencies and departments, tribal governments,
- 22 universities, research institutes, and nongovern-
- 23 mental organizations.
- 24 (3) Indian tribe.—The term "Indian tribe"
- has the meaning given the term in section 102 of the

1	Federally Recognized Indian Tribe List Act of 1994
2	(25 U.S.C. 479a).
3	(4) Initiative.—The term "Initiative" means
4	the National Hurricane Research Initiative estab-
5	lished under section $5(a)(1)$ .
6	(5) NATIONAL WINDSTORM IMPACT REDUCTION
7	PROGRAM.—The term "National Windstorm Impact
8	Reduction Program' means the program established
9	by section 204 of the National Windstorm Impact
10	Reduction Act of 2004 (42 U.S.C. 15703).
11	(6) State.—The term "State" means any
12	State of the United States, the District of Columbia,
13	American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the
14	Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico, and the
15	Virgin Islands.
16	(7) Tribal Government.—The term "tribal
17	government" means the governing body of an Indian
18	tribe.
19	(8) Under Secretary.—The term "Under
20	Secretary" means the Under Secretary for Oceans
21	and Atmosphere.
22	SEC. 5. NATIONAL HURRICANE RESEARCH INITIATIVE.
23	(a) Establishment.—
24	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary, in col-
25	laboration with the Director of the National Science

1	Foundation, shall establish an initiative to be known
2	as the "National Hurricane Research Initiative" for
3	the purposes described in paragraph (2). The Initia-
4	tive shall consist of—
5	(A) the activities of the Under Secretary
6	under this section;
7	(B) the activities of the Task Force under
8	section 6; and
9	(C) the research carried out under section
10	7.
11	(2) Purposes.—The purposes described in this
12	paragraph are as follows:
13	(A) To improve understanding and pre-
14	diction of hurricanes and other tropical storms,
15	including—
16	(i) storm tracking and prediction;
17	(ii) forecasting of storm formation, in-
18	tensity, and wind and rain patterns, both
19	within the tropics and as the storms move
20	poleward;
21	(iii) storm surge modeling, inland
22	flood modeling, and coastal erosion;
23	(iv) the interaction with and impacts
24	of storms with the natural and built envi-
25	ronment; and

1	(v) the impacts to and response of so-
2	ciety to destructive storms, including the
3	socio-economic impacts requiring emer-
4	gency management, response, and recov-
5	ery.
6	(B) To develop infrastructure that is resil-
7	ient to the forces associated with hurricanes
8	and other tropical storms.
9	(C) To mitigate the impacts of hurricanes
10	on coastal populations, the coastal built envi-
11	ronment, and natural resources, including—
12	(i) coral reefs;
13	(ii) mangroves;
14	(iii) wetlands; and
15	(iv) other natural systems that can re-
16	duce hurricane wind and flood forces.
17	(D) To provide training for the next gen-
18	eration of hurricane researchers and fore-
19	casters.
20	(b) Implementation Plan.—
21	(1) In general.—Not later than 18 months
22	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
23	Under Secretary shall develop a detailed, 5-year im-
24	plementation plan for the Initiative that—

1	(A) incorporates the priorities for Federal
2	science and technology investments set forth in
3	the June 2005 publication, "Grand Challenges
4	for Disaster Reduction", and in related 2008
5	implementation plans for hurricane and coastal
6	inundation hazards of the Subcommittee on
7	Disaster Reduction of the Committee on Envi-
8	ronment and Natural Resources of the National
9	Science and Technology Council;
10	(B) to the extent practicable and as appro-
11	priate, establishes benchmarks, milestones,
12	goals, and performance measures to track
13	progress of the research carried out under the
14	Initiative and the application of research results
15	for reducing hurricane losses and related public
16	benefits, as recommended by the Task Force
17	under section $6(f)(2)$ ; and
18	(C) identifies opportunities to leverage the
19	results of the research carried out under section
20	7 with other Federal and non-Federal hurricane
21	research, coordination, and loss-reduction initia-
22	tives, such as—
23	(i) the National Windstorm Impact
24	Reduction Program established by section

1	204(a) of the National Windstorm Impact
2	Reduction Act of 2004 (15 U.S.C. 15703);
3	(ii) the National Flood Insurance Pro-
4	gram established under chapter 1 of the
5	National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 (42
6	U.S.C. 4011 et seq.);
7	(iii) the initiatives of the Robert T.
8	Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency
9	Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.);
10	(iv) wind hazard mitigation initiatives
11	carried out by a State;
12	(v) the Hurricane Forecast Improve-
13	ment Project of the National Oceanic and
14	Atmospheric Administration; and
15	(vi) the Working Group for Tropical
16	Cyclone Research of the Office of the Fed-
17	eral Coordinator for Meteorological Serv-
18	ices and Supporting Research.
19	(2) REVIEW.—Not later than 18 months after
20	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under
21	Secretary shall ensure that the implementation plan
22	required by paragraph (1) is reviewed by—
23	(A) the Director of the National Science
24	Foundation;
25	(B) the Secretary of Homeland Security;

1	(C) the Director of the National Institute
2	for Standards and Technology;
3	(D) the Commanding General of the U.S.
4	Army Corps of Engineers;
5	(E) the Commander of the Naval
6	Meterorology and Oceanography Command;
7	(F) the Associate Administrator for
8	Science Mission Directorate of the National
9	Aeronautics and Space Administration; and
10	(G) the Director of the U.S. Geological
11	Survey.
12	(3) REVISIONS.—The Under Secretary shall re-
13	vise the implementation plan required by paragraph
14	(1) not less frequently than once every 5 years to
15	address and respond to the findings and rec-
16	ommendations of the Task Force.
17	(c) Research.—
18	(1) Establishment of research objec-
19	TIVES.—The Under Secretary shall, in consultation
20	with the Director of the National Science Founda-
21	tion, establish objectives for research carried out
22	pursuant to section 7 that are based on the findings
23	of the expert assessments and strategies described in
24	paragraphs (3) and (4) of section 2.

1	(2) Coordination.—In carrying out the provi-
2	sions of this subsection, the Under Secretary shall
3	coordinate with the Task Force to the extent prac-
4	ticable.
5	(d) National Workshops and Conferences.—
6	The Under Secretary, in coordination with the Director
7	of the National Science Foundation and the Task Force,
8	shall carry out a series of national workshops and con-
9	ferences that assemble a broad collection of scientific dis-
10	ciplines—
11	(1) to address hurricane-related research ques-
12	tions; and
13	(2) to encourage researchers to work collabo-
14	ratively to carry out the purposes described in sub-
15	section $(a)(2)$ .
16	(e) Public Internet Website.—The Under Sec-
17	retary, in coordination with the Task Force, shall facilitate
18	the establishment of a public Internet website for the Ini-
19	tiative—
20	(1) to foster collaboration and interactive dia-
21	logues among the Under Secretary, the Director of
22	the National Science Foundation, the Task Force,
23	and the public; and
24	(2) to enhance public access to Initiative docu-
25	ments and products, including—

1	(A) information about the members of the
2	Task Force, including their affiliation and con-
3	tact information;
4	(B) meeting agenda and minutes of the

- (B) meeting agenda and minutes of the Task Force;
- (C) reports and publications of the Initiative;
  - (D) the most recent 5-year implementation plan developed under subsection (b); and
- (E) the most recent annual report submitted to Congress under subsection (f).

# (f) Annual Report.—

(1) REQUIREMENT FOR ANNUAL CROSSCUT BUDGET AND REPORT.—The Under Secretary, in conjunction with members of the Task Force who represent Federal agencies, the Office of Science and Technology Policy, and the Office of Management and Budget, shall submit to Congress each year, together with documents submitted to Congress in support of the budget of the President for the fiscal year beginning in such year (as submitted pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code), a coordinated annual report for the Initiative for the fiscal year in which the report is submitted and the last fiscal year ending before such submittal.

1	(2) Contents.—The report required by para-
2	graph (1) shall—
3	(A) document the funds transferred by the
4	Under Secretary to the heads of other Federal
5	agencies under section 8(b);
6	(B) document the grants and contracts
7	awarded to eligible entities under section 7;
8	(C) for each agency that receives funds
9	under section 8(b) and eligible entity that re-
10	ceives a grant or contract under section 7, iden-
11	tify what major activities were undertaken with
12	such funds, grants, and contracts; and
13	(D) for each research activity or group of
14	activities described in section 7(c), as appro-
15	priate, identify any accomplishments, which
16	may include full or partial achievement of
17	benchmarks, milestones, goals, performance
18	measure targets established for the implementa-
19	tion plan under subsection (b)(1)(B).
20	SEC. 6. NATIONAL HURRICANE RESEARCH TASK FORCE.
21	(a) Establishment.—Not later than 90 days after
22	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary
23	shall establish a task force to be known as the "National
24	Hurricane Research Task Force" to facilitate and coordi-

1	nate the efforts of Federal agencies and eligible entities
2	in support of the Initiative.
3	(b) Membership.—The Task Force shall be com-
4	posed of the following:
5	(1) The Under Secretary, or the Under Sec-
6	retary's designee.
7	(2) The Director of the National Science Foun-
8	dation, or the Director's designee.
9	(3) The Director of the National Institute of
10	Standards and Technology, or the Director's des-
11	ignee.
12	(4) The Secretary of Homeland Security, or the
13	Secretary's designee.
14	(5) The Commanding General of the U.S. Army
15	Corps of Engineers, or the Commanding General's
16	designee.
17	(6) The Director of the United States Geologi-
18	cal Survey, or the Director's designee.
19	(7) The Administrator of the National Aero-
20	nautics and Space Administration, or the Adminis-
21	trator's designee.
22	(8) One member shall be appointed by the Sec-
23	retary of Defense, who shall be a representative of
24	the Office of Naval Research or the Chief of Nava
25	Operations.

1	(9) The Federal Coordinator for Meteorological
2	Services and Supporting Research.
3	(10) The Director of the Office of Science and
4	Technology Policy, or the Director's designee.
5	(11) The Director of the Office of Management
6	and Budget, or the Director's designee.
7	(12) The Chair of the Executive Committee of
8	the Federal Geographic Data Committee, or the
9	Chair's designee.
10	(13) Such other members from Federal agen-
11	cies as the chairpersons of the Task Force jointly
12	consider appropriate.
13	(14) Members who are not employees of the
14	Federal Government, selected jointly by the chair-
15	persons of the Task Force in consultation with the
16	National Academy of Sciences and the National
17	Academy of Engineering, as follows:
18	(A) At least 3 members who are prominent
19	in the fields of hurricane science, engineering,
20	social science, or related fields.
21	(B) At least 1 member who represents a
22	State government agency responsible for emer-
23	gency management and response.

1	(C) At least 3 members who represent the
2	views of local governments, tribal governments,
3	and nongovernmental organizations.
4	(D) At least 2 members who represent pri-
5	vate sector interests engaged in hurricane re-
6	search, preparedness, response, or recovery.
7	(E) At least 1 member who represents a
8	State floodplain or coastal zone manager.
9	(F) Such other members as may be appro-
10	priate.
11	(c) Chairpersons.—The concurrent chairpersons of
12	the Task Force shall be the following:
13	(1) The Under Secretary, or the Under Sec-
14	retary's designee under subsection $(b)(1)$ .
15	(2) The Director of the National Science Foun-
16	dation, or the Director's designee under subsection
17	(b)(2).
18	(3) The Director of the National Institute of
19	Standards and Technology, or the Director's des-
20	ignee under subsection (b)(3).
21	(d) Initial Meeting.—Not later than 120 days
22	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Task Force
23	shall hold its first meeting.

1	(e) Meetings.—The Task Force shall meet at the
2	call of the chairpersons of the Task Force, but not less
3	frequently than twice each year.
4	(f) Duties.—The duties of the Task Force are as
5	follows:
6	(1) To provide assistance to the Under Sec-
7	retary with the development of the 5-year implemen-
8	tation plan required by section 5(b).
9	(2) Not later than 270 days after the date of
10	the enactment of this Act and in consideration of the
11	expert findings referred to in section 2(3)—
12	(A) to develop and furnish to the Under
13	Secretary findings and recommendations, as ap-
14	propriate, for monitoring research progress and
15	for a set of benchmarks, milestones, goals, and
16	performance measures to track the transition
17	and application of research results for reducing
18	hurricane losses and related public benefits
19	under the Initiative;
20	(B) to identify interim and long-term goals
21	of the research program under section 7; and
22	(C) to prioritize the activities of the Initia-
23	tive over a 10-year period.
24	(3) To improve communication and coordina-
25	tion among Federal agencies with respect to hurri-

- cane-related research, developments in hurricane forecasting and operations, and best practices for applying results of Initiative research to reduce loss of life and property damage resulting from hurricane canes.
  - (4) To identify opportunities to leverage the activities and products of the Initiative with the National Windstorm Impact Reduction Program and other Federal and non-Federal hurricane research, coordination, and loss reduction programs.
  - (5) To recommend a model described in section 7(c)(1)(A) and monitor progress on development of such model.
  - (6) To make recommendations to the Under Secretary and the Director of the National Science Foundation on research priorities and content and structure of the program established under section 7(a)(1).
  - (7) To make recommendations on national hurricane research observation and data requirements.
  - (8) To assess opportunities to leverage the capabilities of the following stakeholders:
  - (A) Federal, State, and local governments.
- (B) Tribal governments.
- 25 (C) Academic and research institutions.

1	(D) Entities from the private sector.
2	(E) Nongovernmental organizations.
3	(9) To evaluate the extent to which the stake-
4	holders described in paragraph (8) have been en-
5	gaged as partners and collaborators in the Initiative.
6	(10) To assist the Under Secretary in facili-
7	tating the development of the annual report required
8	by section 5(f).
9	(11) To review such report and provide com-
10	ments to the Under Secretary.
11	(12) To submit to the National Science and
12	Technology Council and to Congress, together with
13	documents submitted to Congress in support of the
14	budget of the President for the 2012 fiscal year (as
15	submitted pursuant to section 1105 of title 31,
16	United States Code), a report containing a com-
17	prehensive review of the progress of the Initiative in
18	meeting the needs of the United States to under-
19	stand hurricanes, their impacts on natural and built
20	environment, and methods to mitigate such impacts.
21	(g) Advisory Bodies.—
22	(1) Authority to establish.—The Task
23	Force may establish such advisory bodies as the
24	Task Force considers necessary to assist the Task

Force in its duties under subsection (f).

- 1 (2) CRITERIA.—An advisory body established 2 under paragraph (1) shall represent a broad variety 3 of private and public interests.
- 4 (h) Advisors to the Task Force.—The Task 5 Force may seek advice and input from any interested, 6 knowledgeable, or affected party as the Task Force con-
- 7 siders necessary to carry out the duties under subsection
- 8 (f).

# (i) Compensation.—

- 10 (1) IN GENERAL.—All members of the Task
  11 Force who are officers or employees of the United
  12 States shall serve without compensation in addition
  13 to that received for their services as officers or employees of the United States.
- 15 (2) Travel expenses.—The members of the
  16 Task Force shall be allowed travel expenses, includ17 ing per diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates author18 ized for employees of agencies under subchapter I of
  19 chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, while
  20 away from their homes or regular places of business
  21 in the performance of services for the Task Force.
- 22 (j) PROCUREMENT OF TEMPORARY AND INTERMIT-23 TENT SERVICES.—The Chairpersons may procure tem-24 porary and intermittent services under section 3109(b) of 25 title 5, United States Code, at rates for individuals which

1	do not exceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate of
2	basic pay prescribed for level V of the Executive Schedule
3	under section 5316 of such title.
4	(k) Volunteer Services.—Notwithstanding sec-
5	tion 1342 of title 31, United States Code, the Commission
6	may accept and use voluntary and uncompensated services
7	as the Commission determines necessary.
8	(l) Exemption From FACA Notice Requirement
9	FOR TASK FORCE ADVISORY BODIES.—An advisory body
10	established by the Task Force under subsection (g) shall
11	not be subject to section 10(a)(2) of the Federal Advisory
12	Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App. 10(a)(2)).
13	(m) TERMINATION OF TASK FORCE.—The Task
14	Force shall terminate on September 30, 2018.
15	SEC. 7. NATIONAL HURRICANE RESEARCH.
16	(a) National Science Foundation Competitive
17	GRANT RESEARCH PROGRAM.—
18	(1) In general.—The Director of the National
19	Science Foundation, in coordination with the Under
20	Secretary, shall establish a program to award grants
21	to eligible entities to carry out—
22	(A) research described in subsection (c); or
23	(B) other research that is consistent with
24	the research objectives established under section
25	5(e)(1).

1	(2) Selection.—The National Science Foun-
2	dation shall select grant recipients under this section
3	through its merit review process.
4	(b) National Oceanic and Atmospheric Admin-
5	ISTRATION RESEARCH PROGRAM.—
6	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary shall
7	carry out a program of research described in sub-
8	section (c) or other research that is consistent with
9	the research objectives established under section
10	5(c)(1).
11	(2) Research activities.—Research carried
12	out under paragraph (1) may be carried out
13	through—
14	(A) intramural research;
15	(B) awarding grants to eligible entities to
16	carry out research;
17	(C) contracting with eligible entities to
18	carry out research; or
19	(D) entering into cooperative agreements
20	to carry out research.
21	(c) Research.—The research described in this sub-
22	section is research that is consistent with the purposes de-
23	scribed in section 5(a)(2) and is described by one or more
24	of the following:

1	(1) Fundamental hurricane research.—
2	Fundamental hurricane research, which may consist
3	of the following:
4	(A) COMMUNITY RESEARCH MODELS.—Re-
5	search to support continued development and
6	maintenance of community weather research
7	and forecast models recommended by the Task
8	Force under section $6(f)(5)$ , including advanced
9	methods of observing storm structure and as-
10	similating observations into the models, in
11	which the agency or institution hosting the
12	models ensures broad access and use of the
13	model by members of the Task Force and the
14	civilian research community.
15	(B) Predicting hurricane intensity
16	AND STRUCTURE.—Research to improve under-
17	standing and prediction of—
18	(i) storm formation and tracking with
19	extended time scale to weeks in advance;
20	(ii) rapid changes in storm size, mo-
21	tion, structure, and intensity;
22	(iii) the internal dynamics of storms;
23	(iv) the transition to extratropical
24	characteristics as storms move poleward;
25	and

- 1 (v) the interactions of storms with en-2 vironmental conditions, including the at-3 mosphere, ocean, and land surface.
  - (C) Understanding air and sea interaction in hurricanes and other high wind speed environments.
  - (D) Predicting Storm Surge, waves, Rainfall, inland flooding, and Strong winds produced by Hurricanes.—Research to understand, model, and predict rainfall, coastal and riverline flooding, high winds, and the potential occurrence of tornadoes, including probabilistic modeling, mapping, and visualization of risk.
  - $(\mathbf{E})$ RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN HURRI-CANES AND CLIMATE VARIABILITY AND CHANGE.—Research to improve the understanding of the complex relationships between hurricanes and climate on seasonal to decadal time scales, such as research to determine the most effective methods to use observational information and numerical-model simulations to examine short-term and long-term impacts of

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1	climate on changes in storm intensity, geo-
2	graphic distribution, and frequency.
3	(F) Relationships between hurri-
4	CANES AND ECOSYSTEMS.—Research to im-
5	prove the understanding of how hurricanes af-
6	fect ecosystems, landscapes, and natural re-
7	sources and to develop assessments for hurri-
8	cane vulnerability and risk, including—
9	(i) how ecosystems have been influ-
10	enced by past hurricanes and the ability
11	and capacity of ecosystems to recover from
12	the effects of hurricanes;
13	(ii) how ecosystem management prac-
14	tices can minimize disruptions to eco-
15	system functions and dependent economic
16	uses as a result of hurricanes; and
17	(iii) the role of natural features, such
18	as barrier islands, wetlands, and
19	mangroves, in—
20	(I) acting as natural buffers to
21	wind and flood forces; and
22	(II) improving coastal resiliency.
23	(2) Technology assessment and develop-
24	MENT.—Technology assessment and development,
25	which may consist of the following:

1	(A) Improved observation of hurri-
2	CANES AND TROPICAL STORMS.—Research to
3	improve hurricane and tropical storm observa-
4	tions and to improve the understanding of the
5	complex nature of storms and their interaction
6	with the natural and built environment through
7	development and application of new tech-
8	nologies, such as—
9	(i) mobile radars and advanced air-
10	borne observing technologies;
11	(ii) global positioning system tech-
12	nology;
13	(iii) unmanned vehicles;
14	(iv) satellite-based sensors;
15	(v) ground-based and aerial wireless
16	sensors; and
17	(vi) other geospatial technologies and
18	geospatial data, including bathymetry and
19	elevation.
20	(B) Computational capability.—Re-
21	search and development of robust computa-
22	tional capabilities and facilities required to con-
23	duct numerical and other types of modeling
24	that support the scientific studies and research
25	carried out under the Initiative as well as data

1	acquisition and modeling during hurricane
2	events, including research to improve under-
3	standing of the efficient utility of multiple mod-
4	els that—
5	(i) require sharing and interoper-
6	ability of databases, computing environ-
7	ments, networks, visualization tools, and
8	analytic systems that improve on such
9	technologies that are available on the date
10	of the enactment of this Act; and
11	(ii) are used for transitioning hurri-
12	cane research assets into operational prac-
13	tice.
14	(C) Technologies for disaster re-
15	SPONSE AND RECOVERY.—Research to improve
16	damage assessments after a hurricane and
17	emergency communications during hurricane re-
18	sponse and recovery, including improvements
19	to—
20	(i) communications networks for gov-
21	ernment agencies and nongovernmental en-
22	tities;
23	(ii) network interoperability;
24	(iii) cyber-security during hurricane or
25	storm related emergencies; and

- 1 (iv) use of models, remote sensing,
  2 and statistically based ground sampling to
  3 support effective and rapid damage assess4 ment to scale disaster response and recov5 ery needs.
  - (3) Research integration, transition, and application of research results, which may consist of the following:
    - (A) Transition of Research to operations.—Research to develop mechanisms to accelerate the application of improved models, observations, communication, and risk assessment systems, and related research products to forecasting and other operational settings, including use of 1 or more developmental test beds.
    - (B) Assessing vulnerable infrastructure.—Developing a national engineering assessment and clearinghouse of coastal infrastructure by leveraging and building upon existing Federal activities, resources, and research, including infrastructure related to levees, sea walls, and similar coastal flood-protection structures, drainage systems, bridges, water and

1	sewage utilities, power, and communications, to
2	determine the level of vulnerability of such in-
3	frastructure to damage from hurricanes.
4	(C) Interaction of hurricanes with
5	ENGINEERED STRUCTURES.—Research to im-
6	prove understanding of the impacts of hurri-
7	canes and tropical storms on buildings, struc-
8	tures, and housing combined with modeling that
9	is essential for guiding the creation of improved
10	building designs and construction codes in loca-
11	tions particularly vulnerable to hurricanes.
12	(D) EVACUATION PLANNING.—Research to
13	improve the manner in which hurricane-related
14	information is provided to, and utilized by, the
15	public and government officials, including re-
16	search to assist officials of State, tribal, re-
17	gional, or local governments in—
18	(i) determining the circumstances in
19	which evacuations are required; and
20	(ii) carrying out such evacuations.
21	(E) Decision support.—Research to—
22	(i) assess the social, behavioral, and
23	economic factors that influence decision
24	making by the public, government officials,
25	nongovernmental entities, the private sec-

tor, and other impacted populations before,
during, and in the aftermath of hurricanes;
(ii) improve the translation of natural
science and engineering research carried
out under the Initiative into informed deci-
sion making that enables communities,
economies, and the man-made and natural
environments to become resilient to hurri-
cane impacts, including development of ef-
fective risk and vulnerability assessment
and risk communication tools; and
(iii) develop methods of assessing dis-
aster recovery costs, both government and
nongovernment, and of comparing the rel-
ative benefits of disaster mitigation meth-
ods with disaster recovery costs.
SEC. 8. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
(a) In General.—There are authorized to be appro-
priated for fiscal years 2010 through 2015 amounts as
follows:
(1) To the Under Secretary, \$18,750,000 to
carry out sections 5, 6, and 7(b), of which not less
than \$13,750,000 shall be used to carry such section

7(b).

1	(2) To the Director of the National Science
2	Foundation, \$56,250,000 to carry out sections 5
3	and 7(a).
4	(b) Interagency Transfer of Funds.—
5	(1) Transfers by under secretary for
6	OCEANS AND ATMOSPHERE.—Of amounts appro-
7	priated pursuant to the authorization of appropria-
8	tions under subsection (a)(1), the Under Secretary
9	may transfer to the heads of other Federal agencies
10	such amounts as the Under Secretary considers ap-
11	propriate to carry out sections 5, 6, and 7(b).
12	(2) Transfers by director of the Na-
13	TIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION.—Of amounts appro-
14	priated pursuant to the authorization of appropria-
15	tions under subsection (a)(2), the Director of the
16	National Science Foundation may transfer to the
17	heads of other Federal agencies such amounts as the
18	Director considers appropriate to carry out sections
19	5 and 7(a).
20	SEC. 9. INDEPENDENT REVIEW.

- 21 (a) AGREEMENT.—
- 22 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary shall 23 seek to enter into an agreement with the National 24 Research Council of the National Academies for the

1	National Research Council to perform the services
2	covered by this section.
3	(2) Timing.—The Under Secretary shall seek
4	to enter into the agreement described in paragraph
5	(1) not later than 180 days after the date of the en-
6	actment of this Act.
7	(b) Independent Review of National Hurri-
8	CANE RESEARCH INITIATIVE.—Under an agreement be-
9	tween the Under Secretary and the National Research
10	Council under this section, the National Research Council
11	shall carry out an independent review of the Initiative. In
12	carrying out the review, the National Research Council
13	shall review the following:
14	(1) Whether the Initiative has well-defined,
15	prioritized, and appropriate research objectives.
16	(2) Whether the Initiative is properly coordi-
17	nated among relevant Federal agencies and stake-
18	holders.
19	(3) Whether the Initiative has allocated appro-
20	priate resources to each of the research objectives.
21	(4) Whether suitable mechanisms exist for
22	transitioning the research results from the Initiative
23	into operational technologies and procedures and ac-

tivities in a timely manner.

- 1 (c) Report.—Not later than 4 years after the date
- 2 of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary shall
- 3 submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and
- 4 Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on
- 5 Science and Technology of the House of Representatives
- 6 a report on the results of the review carried out under
- 7 this section.
- 8 (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
- 9 authorized to be appropriated to the Under Secretary,
- 10 \$750,000 to carry out this section.

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